

United States. It is a place of exquisite and intoxicating beauty. It is a spiritual place. We are all very fortunate to be able to enjoy its magic again.

**CONGRATULATIONS TO THE LACKEY CHARGERS OF INDIAN HEAD, MARYLAND**

**HON. STENY H. HOYER**

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, December 8, 2003*

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take a moment to offer my congratulations to the Lackey High School Chargers football team of Indian Head, Maryland, for reaching the State finals this past Thursday, December 4, 2003.

The Lackey Chargers had a fairytale season led by their head coach, Mr. Scott Chadwick, and many devoted assistant coaches. In regular season matches, they were defeated only once, and this record allowed them to begin competing in championship games in early November.

The path that would lead the Lackey Chargers to the State finals began on November 7, 2003, when the Lackey Chargers defeated Westlake High School to become the Southern Maryland Athletic Conference champions. Their momentum continued on November 15, 2003, as they beat Northern High School, and they showed their strength once again on November 22, 2003, when they narrowly overtook Westlake High School to become the Regional Champions.

On November 28, 2003, the Lackey Chargers defeated Randallstown High School in the Maryland Triple A Semifinals, propelling them to the State finals at Ravens Stadium in Baltimore, Maryland, where they faced Linganor High School. Despite a valiant effort, the Lackey Chargers fell short in the end in a heartbreaking loss. Even without carrying home the title, Principal Jarvis Petty and the students, staff and parents at Lackey High School have shown their support for a football team that has made the entire Charles County community proud of their incredible season.

Mr. Speaker, please join me in recognizing each of these outstanding athletes, #2 Cameron Neal; #3 Courteney Knight; #5 Devonte Williams; #6 Avery Lancaster; #7 Aaron Smith; #8 Michael Young; #10 Damian Shorter; #11 Jason Murray; #15 Jesse Hitch; #16 Mark Herbert; #20 Morgan Green; #23 Darren Bullock; #25 Brandon Gaylor; #32 Ricardo Young; #34 Tre Gray; #40 Bryan Gibbons; #43 Kevin Glascock; #44 Robert Matthews; #48 Kyle Mckeown; #50 Jeremy Hairston; #52 George Kerr; #55 Mike Seman; #56 Aaron Williams; #60 Kenny Washington; #65 J.B. Walton; #66 Tyler McCready; #70 Joe Hughes; #72 Nate Leigh; #77 O.J. Huddleston; #79 D'antae Adams; #80 Quinton Stith; #81 William Johnson; #86 Donte Page; and #88 Justin Lucas. They have shown true dedication to their sport and I am extremely proud of their accomplishments. It is with great pride that we congratulate and wish them luck in all their future endeavors.

**TRIBUTE TO MICHAEL J. WELLBROCK**

**HON. C.A. DUTCH RUPPERSBERGER**

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, December 8, 2003*

Mr. RUPPERSBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a great American journalist, Michael J. Wellbrock.

Michael J. Wellbrock has been a faithful employee of WBAL Radio in Baltimore for the past 21 years and just a few days ago he turned 40 years old.

Michael J. Wellbrock has been instrumental in the long term success of WBAL Radio and served the past two decades as a producer, executive producer, and general allaround go-to guy and trouble shooter.

Michael J. Wellbrock was the technical wizard whose expertise has enabled the station to pull-off many high-quality, award-winning broadcasts, including the visit of Pope John Paul II, the All-Star game, the Orioles trip to Cuba, the Preakness Stakes, and several national political conventions.

Michael J. Wellbrock was the genius behind the re-design and re-building of studios at WBAL Radio and helping to bring the station into the 21st century.

Michael J. Wellbrock has been the guiding force in the career development of many young, aspiring broadcasters.

Michael J. Wellbrock has been the creative force behind many successful programs on WBAL Radio.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in thanking Michael J. Wellbrock for his service and for his work on behalf of America's citizens and our nation.

**COMMENDING THE ADAMS COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL MARINE CORPS JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER'S TRAINING CORPS**

**HON. BOB BEAUPREZ**

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, December 8, 2003*

Mr. BEAUPREZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commend the Marine Corps Junior Reserve Officer's Training Corps program at Adams City High School in Commerce City, Colorado.

On Friday, December 12, they will present the colors for a field hearing I have requested at the Colorado State Capitol. It is worth noting the history of this group.

The only Marine Corps JROTC program in the State, the Adams City High School program started in 1969 and enjoyed several years of popularity before declining in the late 70's and early 80's.

After a concerted effort to improve expectations and standards, the program has received several awards of recognition as a program of excellence. In the 2001-02 academic year, they received the prestigious Marine Corps Reserved Officer's Association Award (MCROA) as the best JROTC program in the ten-state 8th Marine Corps District. Only six programs across the Nation receive this distinction annually.

Due to the superior performance of the program, Adams City High School was also des-

ignated as a Naval Honor School for the first time in its history. This is the highest award attainable for a Marine Corps JROTC program and exemplifies leadership, integrity and excellence. Naval Honor School status is reserved for the top 20 percent of the schools nationally and affords the Senior Marine Instructor the opportunity to nominate up to three cadets to the United States Naval Academy.

Last year (2002-03) the cadets continued their superior performance, repeating as a Naval Honor School and attaining distinction as the best inspected unit in the 8th Marine Corps District with a total score of 993 points out of a possible 1000, receiving "outstanding" marks in all twelve categories of the inspection. This accomplishment garnered the program the coveted "McLemore Detachment" Award for the Marine Corps League, McLemore Detachment in Houston, Texas.

JROTC is a regularly scheduled class for students, focusing on leadership, discipline, citizenship and physical fitness. Their weekly events include drill marching, uniform inspection, physical training and academic instruction.

J.D. Bristow, the senior Marine instructor at ACHS, has done a fine job with this group of young men and women. These young leaders are extremely active in the leadership of their class. They not only have the potential to make excellent officers in our military, but also have dedicated their time to many after-school opportunities, such as community and school service projects.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to represent this terrific organization in Congress. I appreciate their families for the support and encouragement necessary for its success. The ACHS JROTC program and its administrators have made a sizable impact on the community. They are to be commended.

**HONORING THE MEMORY OF ASSISTANT POLICE CHIEF TOM UNDERHILL**

**HON. JEB HENSARLING**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, December 8, 2003*

Mr. HENSARLING. Mr. Speaker, today, Texans mourn the loss of a fine law enforcement officer. Just 3 weeks after being diagnosed with leukemia, at 43 years of age, Athens Assistant Police Chief Tom Underhill passed away at Baylor Hospital in Dallas from complications related to his disease.

Underhill served Athens Police Department for 21 years. He started as a patrolman in May 1982. He was promoted to sergeant in 1987 and to patrol lieutenant in 1993. Tom Underhill took over the position of assistant chief in March. Previous to his time at Athens Police Department, he worked as a deputy sheriff at Gregg County and Henderson County. His coworkers remember him as having a quiet spirit, a strong sense of professionalism and a good sense of humor. He loved golf, gun shows and helping others.

During his years of service, Tom Underhill was recognized numerous times for his achievements. He was named officer of the year several times and headed up the department's special response unit. He was a training officer, a firearms instructor and a graduate of the FBI National Academy. He was

also always willing to make speeches at schools and help at community events.

Today, we honor the memory of Assistant Chief Tom Underhill who served his community with distinction. Our most heartfelt prayers go out to his family, friends and fellow police officers, especially to his wife, Stacey and his parents, Bill and Linda Underhill.

#### INTRODUCTION OF A RESOLUTION RECOGNIZING THE SURVIVORS AND RAISING AWARENESS OF CERVICAL CANCER

**HON. MARK E. SOUDER**

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, December 8, 2003*

Mr. SOUDER. Mr. Speaker, January is Cervical Cancer Awareness Month and today I have introduced a resolution to recognize the survivors of cervical cancer and to raise awareness of cervical cancer, including the importance of prevention, early diagnosis and treatment.

Each year in the United States, approximately 12,200 women are diagnosed with cervical cancer and 4,100 women die from the disease. Worldwide, cervical cancer affects approximately 288,000 women annually, and in some parts of the world, cervical cancer is the most common cancer in women.

Clinical studies have confirmed that the human papillomavirus (HPV) is the cause of nearly all cervical cancer. In addition, HPV is associated with more than 1 million precancerous lesions of varying severity. With 20 million Americans believed to be infected, HPV is one of the most common sexually transmitted diseases in the United States. An estimated 5.5 million people become infected with HPV every year. Not everyone infected with HPV will develop cancer but those with persistent, high risk strains of HPV are at increased risk as are their partners.

However, the majority of women are unaware of these facts. In a recent survey, 70 percent of women were unable to name the cause of cervical cancer, and 76 percent had never heard of HPV.

Many also confuse treatment with prevention. While treatment can prevent the progression of cervical disease or death from cervical cancer, treatment is not prevention of the presence of disease. Furthermore, treatment can often be invasive, unpleasant, and costly and not preclude the necessity for additional treatments.

Cervical cancer is treated using surgery, radiation and chemotherapy; sometimes two or more methods are used. The most common types of surgery include cryosurgery, laser surgery, cone biopsy, simple hysterectomy, radical hysterectomy and pelvic lymph node dissection, and pelvic exenteration. Radiation therapy may involve external radiation or internal radiation (radioactive materials implanted in the tumor).

Treatment for cervical dysplasia—a premalignant or precancerous change in the cells of the cervix that may progress to cancer—include surgery, cone biopsy, cryosurgery, laser surgery, and electrosurgery.

The direct medical cost of treating a patient with cervical cancer is \$9,200 to \$13,360, while surgery to remove a precancerous lesion is \$1,100 to \$4,360. The financial burden of HPV in the United States has been estimated to range from \$1.6 billion to \$6 billion annually, making HPV one of the most costly sexually transmitted diseases after HIV/AIDS.

To alleviate the burden of these costs to women who are faced with the threat of cervical cancer, Congress approved Public Law 106-354 in 2000 allowing states to provide medical assistance through Medicaid to eligible women who were screened for and found to have breast or cervical cancer, including precancerous conditions, through the National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program.

The best protection against cervical cancer and cervical disease, however, remains prevention of HPV infection. Public Law 106-554, also approved by Congress in 2000, directs the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and Food and Drug Administration to take action to educate the public about HPV. The law specifically requires CDC to issue a report on HPV not later than December 21, 2003, "including a detailed summary of the significant findings and problems and best strategies to prevent future infections, based on the available science."

With Cervical Cancer Awareness Month just weeks away, the statutory release date mandated for the CDC HPV prevention report is well timed to allow all members of Congress, federal agencies, health care professionals and the public to educate themselves and others about HPV. During this month, we should also recognize the survivors of HPV and cervical cancer who have shown tremendous courage and determination in the face of adversity.

#### TEXAS FIRM WINS TOP AWARD

**HON. LAMAR S. SMITH**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, December 8, 2003*

Mr. SMITH of Texas. Mr. Speaker, an architecture firm in my hometown of San Antonio recently received well-deserved national recognition. Lake/Flato Architects Inc. won the 2004 American Institute of Architects Architecture Firm Award, the highest honor given in its category.

The annual award goes to a firm that consistently has produced distinguished architecture for at least 10 years. Founded in 1984 by David Lake and Ted Flato, the firm today employs forty-four talented people, including six partners.

At its best, architecture warms the heart, uplifts the spirit, and engages the mind. It inspires us, even if we don't know all the reasons why.

That Lake/Flato would be singled out by the AIA is no surprise. The firm already has picked up more than 90 regional and national architecture awards, including honorable mention awards from the AIA in 1992, 1997 and 1999. And it has inspired thousands of individuals throughout the United States with its eye-catching designs.

This is only the second time that a Texas architecture firm has garnered the top prize from the AIA.

#### PERSONAL EXPLANATION

**HON. JEB BRADLEY**

OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, December 8, 2003*

Mr. BRADLEY of New Hampshire. Mr. Speaker, due to my participation in a congressional delegation trip to Iraq, I missed several votes. I would like the record to reflect that had I been present, I would have voted in the following manner:

On rollcall 576, on the motion to suspend the rules and pass, as amended, H.R. 1720, the Veterans Health Care Facilities Capital Improvement Act, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 577, on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the Senate amendments to H.R. 1516, the National Cemetery Expansion Act, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 578, on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to H.R. 3365, the Fallen Patriots Tax Relief Act, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 579, on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to H. Res. 414, to encourage the People's Republic of China to fulfill its commitments under international trade agreements, support the United States manufacturing sector, and establish monetary and financial market reforms, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 581, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 582, on expressing deep gratitude for the valor and commitment of the members of the United States Armed Forces who were deployed in Operation Restore Hope to provide humanitarian assistance to the people of Somalia in 1993, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 583, on making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2004, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 586, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 587, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 592, agreeing to the conference report on the Flight 100—FAA Reauthorization Act, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 593, on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to H. Res. 409—Repudiating the Anti-Semetic Remarks Expressed by Dr. Mahathir Mohamad, I would have voted "aye". On rollcall 595, agreeing to the conference report on the Department of Interior and related agencies Appropriations Act, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 596, on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to H. Con. Res. 302, A Sense of Congress welcoming President Chen Shui-bian of Taiwan to the United States on October 31, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 597, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 598, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 601, agreeing to the conference report on the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations for Defense and the Reconstruction of Iraq and Afghanistan, I would have voted "aye".

On rollcall 580, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 584, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 585, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 588, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 589, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 590, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 591, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 594, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 599, I would have voted "no".

On rollcall 600, I would have voted "no".